When Games Go Small

Use this simple chart to evaluate your mobile games across all four quadrants of design.

Instructional Design

- Have a clear learning goal and measruable learning objectives focused on a specific learner.
- Tap into learner motivation.
- Manage cognitive load by eliminating irrelevant or extraneous content.
- Provide relevant practice.
- Give specific, timely feedback.
- Trigger emotion.
- Provide spaced repetition.
- Use story(ies).

Game Design

- Provide intriguing goal or challenge.
- Design to your target audience.
- Stick with one or two core dynamics.
- Provide clear rules.
- Use appropriate game elements from ones such as: chance, strategy, cooperation, competition, aesthetics, theme, story, resources, rewards, levels.
- Make the scoring relevant, motivating, and understandable.
- Balance game complexity for your player; not too easy or too little game complexity, not too hard or too much game complexity.

UX Design

- Design to the smallest screen. This means:
 - Legible text
 - Touchable targets
 - Cut the clutter
- Focus on one key action OR use per screen. Make the navigation intuitive.
- Make the experience seamless if intended for multiple devices.
- Cater to contrast.
- Design for how people hold/use their phone.
- Minimize the need to type.
- Attend to the small things to make a big difference.

UI Design

- Be consistent.
 - Buttons
 - Text labels
 - Screen "types"
- Design to your user.
- Don't reinvent; use what's common and comfortable.
- Enhance the focus; don't *be* the focus.
- Assume mistakes.
- Provide clear feedback.